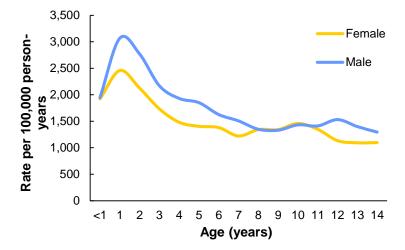
NORTH CAROLINA EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS FOR INJURIES DUE TO FALLS AMONG CHILDREN \leq 14 YEARS OF AGE

The North Carolina Disease Event Tracking and Epidemiologic Collection tool (NC DETECT) provides public health officials and hospital users with the capacity for statewide early event detection and timely public health surveillance. Through NC DETECT, users can access near real-time data from North Carolina acute care emergency departments (EDs), the Carolinas Poison Center (CPC), and the Pre-Hospital Medical Information System (PreMIS). NC DETECT data from ED visits have become increasingly important for the surveillance of injury morbidity in North Carolina. NC DETECT is funded by the NC Division of Public Health (NC DPH). This document summarizes 2012 ED visits with an external cause of injury code (E-code) for an unintentional fall among children \leq 14 years of age.

Rates of North Carolina ED visits due to falls among children < 14 years of age, 2012



Traumatic brain injuries (TBIs) among children <a> 14 years of age, 2012

• TBIs are common fall-related injuries among children < 14 years of age. Overall, about 20% of fall-related ED visits had a diagnosis code indicating a TBI.

• The percent of ED visits with TBIs was highest for both girls and boys 0-4 years of age.

• Boys 5-14 years of age had a higher percentage of TBIs related to falls than girls in the same age group.







NCDETECT

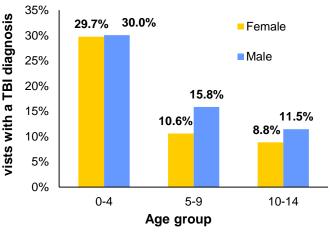
Source: Carolina Center for Health Informatics, Department of Emergency Medicine, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, 2014. NC Division of Public Health / www.publichealth.nc.gov / Injury Epidemiology & Surveillance Unit/ 919-707-5425 NC Disease Event Tracking and Epidemiologic Collection Tool (NC DETECT) / www.ncdetect.org / 919-843-2361 State of North Carolina / Department of Health and Human Services / www.ncdhhs.gov NC DHHS is an equal opportunity employer and provider.

Percent of fall-related ED

• In 2012, there were 31,204 ED visits with Ecodes for unintentional falls among children \leq 14 years of age. Among the 196,856 ED visits due to injuries in this age group, nearly 16% were due to falls.

• In 2012, there were 1,633 NC ED visits due to falls per 100,000 person-years among children \leq 14 years of age. This rate was higher than the rates observed for the last two years.

• Rates were higher among boys (1,765 ED visits per 100,000 person-years) than among girls (1,495 ED visits per 100,000 person-years). Rates were highest for children one year of age.



Most common activities associated with falls for children <a> 14 years of age*

• In 2012, about 15% of ED visits contained a supplementary E-code indicating the activity that resulted in the child seeking health care for injuries sustained in a fall.

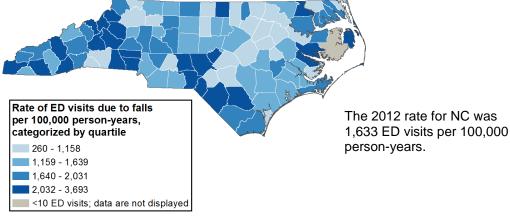
The three most common activities were: 1) running,2) roller skating and skateboarding, and 3) trampoline.

• The NC counties with the highest rates of ED visits due to falls (visits per 100,000 person-years in parentheses) were Mitchell (3,693), McDowell (3,602), Avery (3,561), Caldwell (2,837), and Transylvania counties (2,789).

*For ED visits with multiple E-codes for activities, the first-listed code was selected

Activity	Number of ED visits
1. Running	659
2. Roller skating and skateboarding	527
3. Trampoline	344
4. Walking, marching, and hiking	338
5. Basketball	293
6. American tackle football	219
7. Bathing and showering	155
8. Soccer	152
9. Other activity involving climbing and	jumping off 144
10. Rough housing and horseplay	132
Other specified activity	1,585

Population-based rates of ED visits due to falls among children \leq 14 years of age by North Carolina county, 2012



Prevention Strategies

• Close supervision of young children and infants by their parents and caregivers is an important means of preventing falls and other injuries. Pay attention to children when they are playing on or near elevated surfaces (such as porches and balconies), windows, or playground equipment.

• Make sure that your stairs and walkways are safe for young children. Stairways should have handrails on both sides, be well lit, and free from clutter. If there is a toddler in the home, install safety gates to prevent access to the stairs.

• In order to prevent TBIs related to falls, encourage helmet use by children who are roller skating and skateboarding.

For more information on preventing injuries due to falls please visit the NC Injury and Violence Prevention Branch website at <u>www.injuryfreenc.ncdhhs.gov</u> or visit <u>www.injuryfreenc.org</u>.









Source: Carolina Center for Health Informatics, Department of Emergency Medicine, University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill, 2014. NC Division of Public Health / www.publichealth.nc.gov / Injury Epidemiology & Surveillance Unit/ 919-707-5425 NC Disease Event Tracking and Epidemiologic Collection Tool (NC DETECT) / www.ncdetect.org / 919-843-2361 State of North Carolina / Department of Health and Human Services / www.ncdhhs.gov NC DHHS is an equal opportunity employer and provider.