### Firearm-Related Emergency Department Visits in North Carolina

#### **Quarter 3: July - September 2023**

There were

compared to

**1,332** firearm-related ED visits from Jul-Sep 2023

**1,311** from Jul-Sep 2022

Some counties and groups experienced a significant increase in firearm-related injury ED visits for July - September 2023.

County-Level Groups with Significant Increases in Firearm-Related Injury ED Visits in Q3 2023 vs. Prior 3-Year Average

County	Croup	Number of	Percent
County	Group	Visits	Increase
Anson	Ages 25-44	14	+367%
	Black	24	+350%
	Male	20	+275%
	Total Visits	26	+271%
Beaufort	Ages 18-24	6	+260%
Brunswick	Black	7	+425%
	Male	11	+230%
	Total Visits	13	+225%
Cabarrus	White	11	+136%
Franklin	Black	12	+227%
	Male	12	+177%
	Total Visits	13	+144%
Pasquotank	Male	7	+250%
Warren	Black	10	+233%
	Total Visits	12	+177%

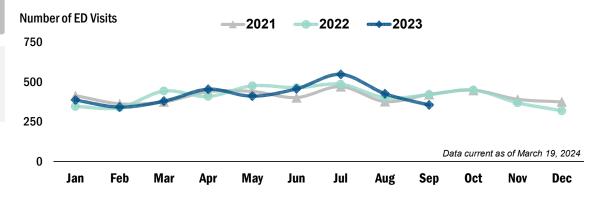
NH = Non-Hispanic

Note: Signicant is defined as an observtion count for Q3, 2023 that is > 2 standard deviations from the mean of observations for Q3 of 2020-2022.

The table is limited to top 15 county-level groups with the highest percent increase from the mean. There were a total of 31 county-level groups with significant increases in firearm-injury ED visits.

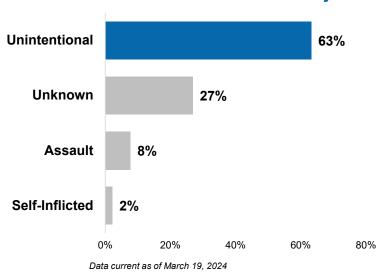
Firearm-related injury ED visits remained stable from July - September 2023.

Firearm-Related Injury ED Visits by Month: 2021-2023



The number of firearm-related injury ED visits in July-September, 2023 was similar to the number of visits in Quarter 3 of previous years.

## Most firearm-related injury ED visits (63%) from July - September 2023 were coded as unintentional injuries.



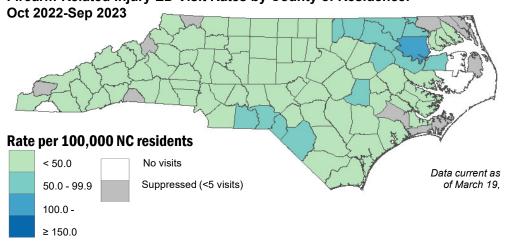
Intent coding in the ED visit data is inaccurate and in need of improvement for firearm injury tracking.

There is an overcount of unintentional firearm injuries and an undercount of undetermined and intentional injuries, such as assault and self-harm.

ICD-10-CM coding guidance currently defaults to unintentional injury if intent is not directly documented in the medical record, and should be revised.

## Rates of firearm-related injury ED visits were highest in Bertie, Vance, and Robeson counties.

Firearm-Related Injury ED Visit Rates by County of Residence:



Counties with the Highest Annual Firearm-Related Injury ED Visit Rates: Oct 2022-Sep 2023

County	Count	Annual Rate <sup>†</sup>
Bertie	35	101.5
Vance	84	99.7
Robeson	228	97.7
Halifax	85	88.8
Scotland	58	84.9
Edgecombe	79	81.8
Anson	36	81.1
Northampton	24	71.5
Hertford	28	67.1
Warren	24	64.1
Statewide	4,907	22.9

Over half of non-suppressed counties (50/89) had annual rates lower than the state rate of 22.9 firearm-related ED vists per 100,000 residents. One county had rates of 100 per 100,000 residents or higher.

† Rates are calculated using the most recent 12 months of data and 2022 Census population estimates. Counties listed in the 'Highest Rates of Firearm-Related Injury ED Visits' table will likely change each quarter. Therefore, the counties listed this quarter cannot be generalized as the top burden counties for the year.

#### Follow best practices for safe gun storage

In homes with guns, 1 in 3 youth ages 13-17 report that they could

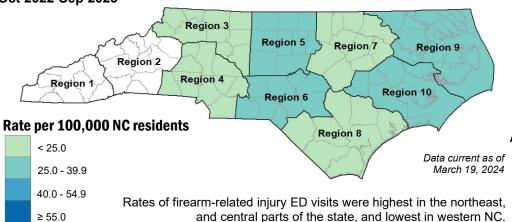
access a gun in less than 5 minutes. Salhi, Azrael & Miller (2021)



NC S.A.F.E has tips and resources for safe storage, including an in-home storage checklist and a statewide map of out-of-home safe storage locations. *ncsafe.org/safestorage* 

#### Public Health Region 10 experienced the highest firearmrelated injury ED visit rates over the last 12 months.

Firearm-Related Injury ED Visit Rates by NC Public Health Region: Oct 2022-Sep 2023



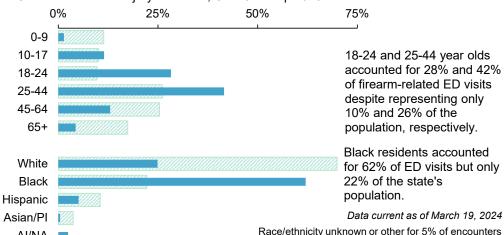
# Black residents and young adults experience a disproportionate burden of firearm-related injury ED visits.

Demographics of Firearm-Related Injury ED Visits Compared to Overall NC Population Estimates: July - September 2023

NC US Census Population Estimates\*

AI/NA

■NC Firearm-Related Injury ED Visits, Oct 2022-Sep 2023



Racial categories changed in the 2021 US Census. Population estimates are grouped as single race with individuals of multiple racial groups captured in a separate category, and do not directly align with ED visit data race categories.



Note: NH (non-Hispanic); PI (Pacific Islander); AI/AN (American Indian/Alaskan Native)

